SAFETY DATA SHEET



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Cillit Bang Power Cleaner Drain Unblocker

SDS no. : D0078973

Formulation # : 0087612 / 3082040, 3076770, 3251224

Product type : Liquid.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Cleaning products Consumer use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

The United Kingdom:

RB UK Hygiene Home Commercial Ltd Wellcroft House Wellcroft Road Slough, Berkshire SL1 4AQ

Tel: 0800 376 8181

Email: ConsumerCare_UK@reckitt.com

The Republic Of Ireland:

RB Ireland Hygiene Home Commercial Ltd 7 Riverwalk Citywest Business Campus Dublin 24 Ireland

Tel: 01 661 7318

Email: ConsumerHealth IE@reckitt.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : GB - NHS 111/NHS 24 Tel: 111

NI - www.gpoutofhours.hscni.net/

IE - Poisons Information Centre of Ireland: 01 809 2166 8am-10pm 7 days a week

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : May be corrosive to metals.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container

or label at hand.

Prevention: Do not breathe fumes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wear protective

gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

Response : IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : sodium hypochlorite

Sodium hydroxide

Supplemental label: Warning! Do not use together with other products. May release dangerous gases

elements (chlorine).
Ingredient Declaration:

Contains greater than 5 but less than 15% Chlorine based bleaching agents

Contains less than 5% non-ionic surfactants
Contains less than 5% anionic surfactants

Disinfectant

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

: Yes, applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger : Yes, applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE	REACH #: 01-2119488154-34 EC: 231-668-3 CAS: 7681-52-9 Index: 017-011-00-1	≤10	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH031	M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1 EUH031: C ≥ 5%	[1]
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	REACH #: 01-2119457892-27 EC: 215-185-5 CAS: 1310-73-2 Index: 011-002-00-6	<5	Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	Skin Corr. 1A, H314: $C \ge 5\%$ Skin Corr. 1B, H314: $2\% \le C < 5\%$ Skin Irrit. 2, H315: $0.5\% \le C < 2\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: $C \ge 2\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0.5\% \le C < 2\%$	[1] [2]
SODIUM LAUROYL SARCOSINATE	REACH #: 01-2119527780-39 EC: 205-281-5 CAS: 137-16-6	≤3	Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.5 mg/l Skin Irrit. 2, H315: C ≥ 30% Eye Dam. 1, H318: C ≥ 30% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 1% ≤ C < 30%	[1]
Amines, C12-14-alkyldimethyl, N- oxides	REACH #: 01-2119490061-47 CAS: 308062-28-4	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	ATE [Oral] = 1064 mg/kg M [Acute] = 1	[1]
Amines, C12-18-alkyldimethyl	EC: 269-923-6 CAS: 68391-04-8	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation

: No specific data.

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion

 Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

: None known.

media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 25°C (77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep away from metals. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E1	100	200

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Cleaning products Consumer use

Industrial sector specific

solutions

: Not available.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV-15min: 2 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.26 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.55 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.55 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.55 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.55 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	3.1 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term	3.1 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	D. 122	Inhalation	og,	population	Cycle:iiic
	DNEL	Short term	3.1 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	3.1 mg/m³	Workers	Cyatamia
	DINEL	Inhalation	3. 1 Hig/III	VVOIKEIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.5 %	General	Local
				population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.5 %	Workers	Local
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term	1 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2 %	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2 %	General	Local
				population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	1 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
SODIUM LAUROYL SARCOSINATE	DNEL	Long term Oral	10 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	10 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.39 mg/ m³	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	70.53 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	ines, C12-14-alkyldimethyl, N- des	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
OXI	400	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15.5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.27 %	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	5.5 mg/kg	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.8 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Oral	0.44 mg/kg	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Oral	0.44 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.53 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	5.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	6.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Am	ines, C12-18-alkyldimethyl	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE	Fresh water	0.21 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.042 µg/l	Assessment Factors
SODIUM LAUROYL SARCOSINATE	Fresh water	0.009 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.001 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment	3 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	0.064 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	0.006 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
Amines, C12-14-alkyldimethyl, N-oxides	Fresh water	0.0335 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.00335 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	5.24 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.524 mg/kg	-
	Soil	1.02 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	24 mg/kg	-
	Plant		

8.2 Exposure controls

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Engineering controls may be required to control the primary or secondary risks associated with this product.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection Hand protection

: EN 16523-1:2015

Tested for protection against chemical permeation. Low chemical resistant or waterproof gloves. (EN 16523-1:2015 supersedes EN 374-3:2003)

EN 374-2:2003

Tested for protection against liquid penetration and micro-organisms.

EN 388:2003

Tested for protection against mechanical risks (abrasion, blade cut resistance, tear resistance and puncture resistance).

ISO 374-1:2016/Type A

Protective glove with permeation resistance of at least 30 minutes each for at least 6 test chemicals.

ISO 374-1:2016/Type B

Protective glove with permeation resistance of at least 30 minutes each for at least 3 test chemicals.

ISO 374-1:2016/Type C

Protective glove with permeation resistance of at least 10 minutes for at least 1 test chemical. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Pale yellow

Odour : bleach

Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

Flammability (solid, gas)
Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

Flash point : Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

pH : Not available. [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]
Viscosity : Dynamic: 900 to 2000 mPa·s

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Easily soluble
hot water	Easily soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/

water

Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

Vapour pressure : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

Density : 1.14 to 1.19 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]

Vapour density : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or

use.

Conditions may include the following:

contact with acids

Reactions may include the following:

liberation of toxic gas

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

acids metals

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Amines, C12-14-alkyldimethyl, N- oxides	LD50 Oral	Rat	1064 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	
SODIUM LAUROYL SARCOSINATE	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.5	N/A
Amines, C12-14-alkyldimethyl, N-oxides	1064	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Amines, C12-18-alkyldimethyl	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	1.31 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Monkey	-	24 hours 1 %	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 %	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 1 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
				ug	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 2 %	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Causes burns. Calculation method

Eyes : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Ireland

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Causes severe burns. Skin contact

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE	Acute EC50 0.67 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Phaeodactylum tricornutum - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.01 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Embryo	48 hours
	Acute LC50 56.4 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 32 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Isochrysis galbana - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio - Young	30 days
Amines, C12-14-alkyldimethyl, N- oxides	Acute EC50 3.1 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 0.143 mg/l Acute LC50 2.67 mg/l Acute NOEC 0.067 mg/l	Algae Fish Algae	48 hours 48 hours -

Conclusion/Summary

: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Calculation method

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Amines, C12-14-alkyldimethyl, N- oxides	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Amines, C12-14-alkyldimethyl, N- oxides	0.95	-	low
Amines, C12-18-alkyldimethyl	2.4	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

- The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
- **Hazardous waste**
- : Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 2008/98/EC.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation	
20 01 29*	detergents containing hazardous substances	

Packaging

Methods of disposal

- : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- **Special precautions**
- : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

For long distance transport of bulk material or shrunk pallet take into consideration sections 7 and 10.

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN3266	UN3266	UN3266	UN3266
14.2 UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYDROXIDE, SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYDROXIDE, SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide, sodium hypochlorite, solution)	Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s. (sodium hydroxide, sodium hypochlorite, solution)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8	8
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

SECTION 14: Transport information

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in ADR/RID

sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Hazard identification number 80

Limited quantity 1 L Special provisions 274

Tunnel code (E)

ADN : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in

> sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Special provisions 274

The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. **IMDG**

Emergency schedules F-A, S-B

Special provisions 274

IATA The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other

transportation regulations.

Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: 851.

Cargo Aircraft Only: 30 L. Packaging instructions: 855. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 0.5 L. Packaging instructions: Y840.

Special provisions A3, A803

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

: None. **Annex XVII - Restrictions**

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Category

15.2 Chemical safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

E1

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Met. Corr. 1, H290	On basis of test data
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH031	Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Met. Corr. 1	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
	Category 3

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Ireland

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SECTION 16: Other information

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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